Table 9

SAVANNAH MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1987

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**100.0**	**100.4**	**101.3**	**100.0**	**101.0**	**101.7**	**102.6**	**102.7**	**104.2**	**103.9**	**104.0**	**104.9**	**102.2**
Manufacturing	16.4	16.4	16.5	16.9	17.0	17.1	16.5	17.3	17.5	17.7	17.5	17.5	**17.0**
Durable goods	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.3	8.0	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.1	**7.9**
Lumber and wood products	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	**1.2**
Millwork, plywood, and veneer	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	**0.5**
Transportation equipment	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.9	4.3	5.0	5.1	5.3	5.2	5.2	**4.9**
Other durable goods[1]	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	**1.8**
Nondurable goods	8.7	8.7	8.7	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.5	9.4	9.4	**9.1**
Food and kindred products	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	**2.0**
Paper and allied products	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.7	**4.4**
Chemicals and allied products	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	**1.4**
Petroleum and coal products	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	**0.6**
Other nondurable goods[2]	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	**0.8**
Nonmanufacturing	83.6	84.0	84.7	83.1	84.0	84.5	86.2	85.4	86.8	86.2	86.5	87.4	**85.2**
Mining[3]	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	**—**
Contract construction	7.6	7.5	7.3	6.8	7.2	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.7	6.8	6.7	**7.0**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	8.6	9.2	9.5	9.7	9.4	9.5	9.5	9.2	9.7	9.1	9.2	9.5	**9.3**
Wholesale and retail trade	24.5	24.2	24.3	24.5	25.1	25.4	25.7	25.6	25.9	26.0	26.2	26.6	**25.3**
Wholesale trade	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3	**5.2**
Retail trade	19.4	19.1	19.2	19.4	19.9	20.1	20.5	20.3	20.6	20.6	20.9	21.3	**20.1**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	**4.4**
Services	23.0	23.3	23.6	22.0	22.2	22.3	24.4	24.1	24.2	24.1	23.9	24.1	**23.4**
Government	15.5	15.6	15.7	15.7	15.7	16.1	15.3	15.1	15.6	15.9	15.9	16.0	**15.7**
Federal	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	**2.8**
State and local	12.8	12.8	12.9	12.9	12.9	13.2	12.5	12.3	12.8	13.1	13.1	13.1	**12.9**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures, stone, clay, and glass products, fabricated metals, nonelectrical/electrical machinery, and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes apparel and other finished products, and printing, publishing, and allied industries.

[3] Industry division does not meet disclosure criteria.

1988 PRELIMINARY SERIES

Table 10

GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES
WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**2,806.6**	**2,818.2**	**2,843.8**	**2,851.7**	**2,865.8**	**2,888.2**	**2,885.9**	**2,888.2**	**2,903.8**	**2,918.0**	**2,929.5**	**2,949.9**	**2,879.1**
Manufacturing	574.9	576.1	576.7	574.8	575.4	578.7	575.1	570.6	571.4	573.1	571.7	569.8	**574.0**
Durable goods	227.7	227.0	227.0	225.8	225.9	227.4	224.9	220.1	219.4	220.9	219.9	219.3	**223.8**
Lumber and wood products	34.0	34.0	34.0	33.7	34.0	34.6	34.1	33.7	33.4	33.0	32.8	33.0	**33.7**
Logging camps, sawmills, and planing mills	14.0	14.1	14.1	14.0	14.0	14.2	14.0	13.8	13.6	13.6	13.5	13.7	**13.9**
Furniture and fixtures	11.8	11.7	11.5	11.2	11.1	11.1	11.0	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.4	**11.3**
Household furniture	6.5	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.9	**6.0**
Stone, clay, and glass products	20.8	21.0	21.3	21.2	21.4	21.6	21.4	21.2	21.2	20.9	20.8	20.9	**21.1**
Primary metal industries	15.6	15.6	15.7	15.9	15.6	15.7	15.8	15.9	15.7	15.9	16.0	15.9	**15.8**
Fabricated metal products	20.7	20.8	20.7	20.9	21.1	21.4	21.5	21.5	21.7	21.8	21.7	21.6	**21.3**
Machinery, except electrical	25.8	26.2	26.5	26.4	26.5	26.9	26.0	26.0	26.5	26.7	26.6	26.8	**26.4**
Electric and electronic equipment	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.5	31.5	31.7	31.8	32.0	32.0	32.0	31.8	31.5	**31.7**
Transportation equipment	54.5	53.0	52.4	52.1	51.8	51.2	50.1	45.6	44.5	46.0	45.4	45.0	**49.3**
Other durable goods[1]	13.0	13.2	13.2	13.0	12.9	13.1	13.2	13.0	13.1	13.4	13.4	13.4	**13.2**
Nondurable goods	347.2	349.2	349.7	349.0	349.5	351.3	350.2	350.5	352.0	352.2	351.8	350.5	**350.3**
Food and kindred products	58.5	58.7	58.5	58.7	58.9	59.6	59.9	60.1	60.4	60.6	60.1	59.8	**59.5**
Meat products	25.5	25.7	25.5	25.5	25.5	25.7	25.7	26.0	26.0	26.1	26.3	26.4	**25.8**
Poultry dressing	19.7	19.8	19.6	19.6	19.5	19.7	19.7	19.9	20.0	20.0	20.2	20.4	**19.9**
Dairy products	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.6	**3.4**
Bakery products	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.9	10.0	9.9	9.9	**9.6**
Textile mill products	108.0	108.5	108.7	108.7	108.8	109.2	109.2	110.0	110.6	110.6	110.1	110.3	**109.4**
Weaving mills, cotton	17.7	17.6	17.6	17.7	17.7	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.4	17.3	17.2	17.2	**17.5**
Weaving mills, synthetics	8.5	8.6	8.6	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.8	9.0	8.8	8.7	8.8	8.8	**8.7**
Knitting mills	8.8	8.9	8.9	9.2	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.4	**9.1**
Floor covering mills	35.4	35.5	35.7	35.6	35.7	36.1	36.1	36.5	36.9	37.2	37.3	37.0	**36.2**
Yarn and thread mills	21.2	21.3	21.4	21.0	21.2	21.3	21.1	21.4	21.6	21.5	21.0	21.4	**21.3**
Apparel and other textile products	69.0	69.4	69.2	68.0	68.1	68.0	66.8	67.0	67.4	66.9	66.9	65.9	**67.7**
Men's and boys' clothing	37.1	37.1	37.1	36.3	36.4	36.3	35.4	35.4	35.9	35.8	35.8	35.3	**36.2**
Women's and children's clothing	21.2	21.6	21.2	20.8	20.8	20.8	20.7	20.6	20.5	20.3	20.4	19.9	**20.7**
Paper and allied products	32.1	32.1	32.1	31.7	31.8	31.9	31.9	31.8	31.8	32.1	32.3	32.3	**32.0**
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	14.0	13.9	13.9	13.8	13.9	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.9	13.9	14.1	14.1	**14.0**
Paperboard containers and boxes	8.1	8.0	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.9	8.0	7.9	**7.9**
Printing and publishing	38.1	38.8	39.2	39.5	39.5	39.7	39.6	39.2	39.6	39.7	39.8	39.7	**39.4**
Commercial printing	14.7	14.9	15.1	15.1	15.1	15.2	15.2	15.0	15.2	15.1	15.1	15.1	**15.1**
Chemicals and allied products	19.2	19.3	19.4	19.5	19.4	19.5	19.6	19.5	19.4	19.4	19.5	19.6	**19.4**
Agricultural chemicals	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	**1.5**
Leather and leather products	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	**1.8**
Other nondurable goods[2]	20.5	20.7	20.9	21.2	21.2	21.5	21.4	21.1	21.0	21.1	21.3	21.0	**21.1**

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 10 (Continued)

GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Nonmanufacturing	2,231.8	2,242.1	2,267.1	2,276.8	2,290.5	2,309.6	2,310.8	2,317.6	2,332.3	2,344.9	2,357.8	2,380.0	**2,305.1**
Mining	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	**8.9**
Contract construction	144.1	146.1	150.1	149.3	150.4	153.0	154.7	154.1	149.3	146.0	145.5	144.6	**148.9**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	177.6	177.8	179.6	179.4	180.9	182.7	183.7	184.0	185.4	185.4	185.5	186.2	**182.3**
Transportation	106.6	106.9	108.3	108.6	109.6	111.1	111.8	112.0	113.7	114.0	114.2	114.9	**111.0**
Communication	44.2	44.2	44.4	43.8	44.1	44.5	44.6	44.7	44.5	44.3	44.2	44.0	**44.3**
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	26.8	26.8	26.9	26.9	27.0	27.1	27.3	27.3	27.2	27.0	27.0	27.2	**27.0**
Wholesale and retail trade	711.1	709.0	714.9	724.0	725.8	733.6	793.3	734.8	750.0	756.2	765.1	783.1	**738.2**
Wholesale trade	207.4	208.5	209.4	211.8	212.6	213.7	215.1	216.9	218.9	221.4	222.3	223.8	**215.2**
Wholesale trade - durable	135.9	136.8	137.1	139.2	139.8	140.5	141.5	142.6	143.7	144.7	145.4	146.7	**141.2**
Wholesale trade - nondurable	71.5	71.7	72.3	72.7	72.8	73.2	73.5	74.3	75.3	76.7	76.8	77.2	**74.0**
Retail trade	503.7	500.5	505.4	512.1	515.9	519.8	524.2	526.9	531.1	534.8	542.8	559.3	**523.1**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	156.9	157.5	158.6	159.6	160.6	162.4	163.0	162.8	162.6	163.1	163.1	163.6	**161.1**
Finance	70.2	70.0	70.2	71.3	71.5	72.1	72.6	72.5	72.1	72.4	72.2	72.7	**71.7**
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	51.4	51.7	52.5	52.3	52.5	52.9	52.7	52.7	52.9	52.9	53.4	53.2	**52.6**
Real estate	35.3	35.8	35.8	35.9	36.5	37.4	37.7	37.7	37.6	37.7	37.6	37.6	**36.9**
Services	545.4	552.4	559.5	563.2	565.8	573.7	577.1	577.5	582.3	581.9	582.5	584.4	**570.5**
Hotels and other lodging places	38.1	38.9	39.8	39.9	40.5	40.7	40.7	40.7	40.1	39.6	39.5	39.5	**39.8**
Business services	138.0	139.8	141.6	143.0	144.1	147.0	148.1	148.4	150.5	151.5	152.4	153.9	**146.5**
Health services	133.4	134.4	134.8	134.2	134.3	135.1	136.1	135.9	136.0	136.3	136.4	137.3	**135.3**
Private hospitals[3]	50.2	50.6	50.7	50.9	51.0	51.2	51.8	51.8	51.7	51.8	51.9	52.2	**51.3**
Government	488.2	490.5	495.7	492.6	495.3	495.3	484.1	486.3	493.6	503.4	507.1	509.1	**495.1**
Federal	98.7	99.3	99.5	99.5	99.1	99.5	100.0	99.7	99.8	99.6	100.8	102.7	**99.8**
Defense	36.4	36.2	36.0	35.9	35.8	35.9	35.7	35.6	35.7	35.8	36.2	36.7	**36.0**
Other federal[4]	62.3	63.1	63.5	63.7	63.2	63.6	64.3	64.1	64.1	63.7	64.5	66.0	**63.9**
State	115.7	116.7	117.0	117.3	118.2	117.7	114.9	114.3	112.7	119.7	120.2	119.9	**117.0**
State education	47.8	48.5	48.6	48.3	48.5	47.3	43.9	43.0	41.6	48.9	49.2	48.2	**47.0**
Other state	67.9	68.2	68.5	68.9	69.7	70.4	71.0	71.3	71.1	70.7	71.0	71.7	**70.0**
Local	273.7	274.6	279.1	275.8	278.1	278.1	269.2	272.3	281.1	284.2	286.2	286.5	**278.2**
Local education	147.4	147.1	148.8	147.4	148.0	146.1	135.6	138.1	149.0	151.4	152.6	152.9	**147.0**
Other local	126.3	127.4	130.4	128.4	130.1	132.0	133.6	134.2	132.1	132.8	133.5	133.6	**131.2**

[1] Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
[2] Includes tobacco; petroleum refining and related industries; and rubber and miscellaneous plastic products.
[3] Government hospitals are included in other federal, other state, and other local government.
[4] Includes post offices.

Table 11

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

1988

MONTH	TOTAL MANUFACTURING			DURABLE GOODS			NONDURABLE GOODS			FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$359.77	41.4	$8.69	$405.59	41.9	$9.68	$332.48	41.2	$8.07	$343.94	43.1	$7.98
FEBRUARY	354.83	41.5	8.55	394.07	41.7	9.45	332.00	41.5	8.00	331.25	41.2	8.04
MARCH	357.28	41.4	8.63	398.24	41.7	9.55	330.86	41.1	8.05	329.66	40.8	8.08
APRIL	358.48	41.3	8.68	409.16	42.4	9.65	327.24	40.6	8.06	337.79	41.6	8.12
MAY	357.16	41.1	8.69	408.24	42.0	9.72	326.42	40.6	8.04	327.18	41.0	7.98
JUNE	360.64	41.5	8.69	406.98	42.0	9.69	332.07	41.2	8.06	336.07	41.8	8.04
JULY	361.47	41.5	8.71	408.11	41.9	9.74	332.48	41.2	8.07	334.91	41.5	8.07
AUGUST	355.56	41.2	8.63	397.99	41.5	9.59	331.27	41.1	8.06	319.18	40.3	7.92
SEPTEMBER	360.14	41.3	8.72	399.78	41.6	9.61	336.61	41.1	8.19	337.81	41.5	8.14
OCTOBER	361.42	41.4	8.73	404.70	42.2	9.59	335.79	40.9	8.21	334.15	40.8	8.19
NOVEMBER	362.34	41.6	8.71	403.65	42.4	9.52	337.84	41.1	8.22	332.92	40.6	8.20
DECEMBER	370.09	42.2	8.77	409.45	43.1	9.50	346.53	41.7	8.31	343.15	40.9	8.39
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$360.22**	**41.5**	**$8.68**	**$403.62**	**42.0**	**$9.61**	**$333.32**	**41.1**	**$8.11**	**$333.72**	**41.2**	**$8.10**

MONTH	TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS			WEAVING MILLS, COTTON			WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS			KNITTING MILLS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$310.95	40.7	$7.64	$308.18	41.2	$7.48	$345.08	44.7	$7.72	$228.48	35.7	$6.40
FEBRUARY	322.71	42.8	7.54	315.98	42.7	7.40	339.85	44.6	7.62	259.49	40.8	6.36
MARCH	318.94	42.3	7.54	313.96	42.6	7.37	333.32	43.8	7.61	261.70	40.7	6.43
APRIL	316.23	41.5	7.62	318.86	42.8	7.45	322.49	42.1	7.66	263.71	40.2	6.56
MAY	314.16	41.5	7.57	298.96	40.4	7.40	321.64	42.1	7.64	262.04	40.5	6.47
JUNE	322.24	42.4	7.60	320.88	42.5	7.55	337.03	43.6	7.73	270.06	42.0	6.43
JULY	321.20	42.6	7.54	320.45	42.5	7.54	328.75	43.2	7.61	260.09	40.2	6.47
AUGUST	330.05	43.2	7.64	319.45	42.2	7.57	349.44	44.8	7.80	276.14	41.4	6.67
SEPTEMBER	328.02	42.6	7.70	325.71	42.8	7.61	337.09	43.1	7.84	264.27	39.8	6.64
OCTOBER	327.05	42.2	7.75	330.71	43.4	7.62	334.77	42.7	7.84	261.35	39.9	6.55
NOVEMBER	333.68	43.0	7.76	337.44	44.4	7.60	331.99	42.4	7.83	272.80	40.9	6.67
DECEMBER	339.01	43.8	7.74	327.99	43.1	7.61	346.77	43.4	7.99	317.35	46.6	6.81
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$323.94**	**42.4**	**$7.64**	**$319.60**	**42.5**	**$7.52**	**$335.92**	**43.4**	**$7.74**	**$267.24**	**40.8**	**$6.55**

MONTH	FLOOR COVERING MILLS			YARN AND THREAD MILLS			APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS			MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$315.12	40.4	$7.80	$294.03	39.1	$7.52	$197.37	37.1	$5.32	$194.46	36.9	$5.27
FEBRUARY	342.16	45.2	7.57	297.47	39.4	7.55	197.16	37.2	5.30	197.10	37.4	5.27
MARCH	332.96	44.1	7.55	296.29	39.4	7.52	193.57	36.8	5.26	191.26	36.5	5.24
APRIL	330.84	42.8	7.73	296.32	39.3	7.54	193.78	36.7	5.28	191.99	36.5	5.26
MAY	323.67	42.7	7.58	308.70	40.3	7.66	193.09	36.5	5.29	189.16	36.1	5.24
JUNE	325.28	42.8	7.60	310.08	40.8	7.60	198.97	37.4	5.32	193.04	36.7	5.26
JULY	337.70	43.8	7.71	307.64	42.2	7.29	195.78	36.8	5.32	196.71	36.7	5.36
AUGUST	346.87	44.7	7.76	307.65	41.8	7.36	194.18	36.5	5.32	189.91	35.3	5.38
SEPTEMBER	345.10	44.3	7.79	311.19	41.0	7.59	195.08	36.6	5.33	190.46	35.6	5.35
OCTOBER	345.60	43.2	8.00	305.31	40.6	7.52	198.49	37.1	5.35	196.18	36.6	5.36
NOVEMBER	343.39	43.8	7.84	314.29	41.3	7.61	203.08	37.4	5.43	201.28	37.0	5.44
DECEMBER	340.99	44.4	7.68	314.06	41.0	7.66	204.03	37.3	5.47	199.82	36.8	5.43
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$336.82**	**43.5**	**$7.73**	**$304.97**	**40.5**	**$7.53**	**$197.21**	**37.0**	**$5.33**	**$194.18**	**36.5**	**$5.32**

AWE - Average Weekly Earnings
AWH - Average Weekly Hours
AHE - Average Hourly Earnings

Table 11(Continued)

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

1988

MONTH	WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING			LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS			FURNITURE AND FIXTURES			PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$186.44	36.7	$5.08	$272.52	38.6	$7.06	$286.93	45.4	$6.32	$562.88	46.1	$12.21
FEBRUARY	184.37	36.8	5.01	284.61	40.6	7.01	269.18	43.0	6.26	558.27	46.1	12.11
MARCH	180.93	36.7	4.93	284.71	40.1	7.10	265.44	42.0	6.32	563.80	46.1	12.23
APRIL	183.00	36.6	5.00	291.01	40.7	7.15	261.90	38.8	6.75	546.55	44.4	12.31
MAY	186.29	36.6	5.09	299.43	41.3	7.25	255.87	36.5	7.01	535.67	43.8	12.23
JUNE	188.37	37.3	5.05	295.71	41.3	7.16	259.26	34.8	7.45	542.57	44.4	12.22
JULY	177.61	36.1	4.92	284.31	40.1	7.09	257.00	35.4	7.26	542.57	44.4	12.22
AUGUST	184.24	37.6	4.90	285.51	40.1	7.12	268.24	36.2	7.41	542.90	44.5	12.20
SEPTEMBER	183.89	37.0	4.97	291.93	40.1	7.28	259.00	35.0	7.40	561.72	45.3	12.40
OCTOBER	185.63	37.2	4.99	297.84	40.8	7.30	256.32	36.0	7.12	575.65	46.2	12.46
NOVEMBER	190.88	37.5	5.09	288.88	39.9	7.24	272.69	37.0	7.37	561.25	44.9	12.50
DECEMBER	193.96	37.3	5.20	290.24	40.2	7.22	276.23	38.1	7.25	582.82	46.0	12.67
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$185.24**	**36.9**	**$5.02**	**$288.55**	**40.3**	**$7.16**	**$266.19**	**38.3**	**$6.95**	**$556.86**	**45.2**	**$12.32**

MONTH	PULP, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD MILLS			CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS			LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS			STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$665.57	48.3	$13.78	$464.61	43.3	$10.73	$177.28	37.8	$4.69	$365.31	41.0	$8.91
FEBRUARY	657.05	48.1	13.66	460.28	43.3	10.63	171.39	36.7	4.67	392.73	43.3	9.07
MARCH	638.91	46.5	13.74	465.69	43.0	10.83	187.60	38.6	4.86	398.54	43.7	9.12
APRIL	625.60	46.0	13.60	455.82	42.8	10.65	186.24	38.4	4.85	395.49	43.7	9.05
MAY	679.25	49.4	13.75	457.95	42.6	10.75	201.38	40.6	4.96	392.59	43.0	9.13
JUNE	628.46	46.9	13.40	465.48	43.1	10.80	201.06	41.2	4.88	393.07	43.1	9.12
JULY	643.34	47.2	13.63	462.03	42.9	10.77	193.14	35.9	5.38	389.80	43.7	8.92
AUGUST	636.05	46.7	13.62	458.58	42.5	10.79	204.42	40.4	5.06	396.83	43.8	9.06
SEPTEMBER	656.12	47.0	13.96	471.54	43.3	10.89	210.33	41.0	5.13	393.60	43.3	9.09
OCTOBER	677.48	48.6	13.94	461.67	42.2	10.94	207.66	40.4	5.14	410.42	45.2	9.08
NOVEMBER	669.75	47.5	14.10	461.98	42.5	10.87	209.20	40.7	5.14	394.58	43.6	9.05
DECEMBER	696.92	48.6	14.34	468.27	43.0	10.89	180.54	35.4	5.10	404.97	44.6	9.08
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$656.88**	**47.6**	**$13.80**	**$463.32**	**42.9**	**$10.80**	**$194.11**	**38.9**	**$4.99**	**$394.11**	**43.5**	**$9.06**

MONTH	FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS			ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT			TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT		
	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE	AWE	AWH	AHE
JANUARY	$332.93	39.4	$8.45	$354.06	42.0	$ 8.43	$589.51	43.7	$13.49
FEBRUARY	345.98	40.8	8.48	332.90	40.4	8.24	558.03	42.5	13.13
MARCH	338.04	40.1	8.43	323.11	40.9	7.90	586.33	43.4	13.51
APRIL	348.57	41.3	8.44	344.06	42.9	8.02	604.70	44.3	13.65
MAY	358.34	41.0	8.74	338.21	41.6	8.13	592.78	43.3	13.69
JUNE	354.16	40.2	8.81	348.36	43.6	7.99	595.01	43.4	13.71
JULY	360.71	41.7	8.65	352.28	42.7	8.25	598.34	42.8	13.98
AUGUST	366.13	41.7	8.78	341.92	41.8	8.18	573.25	41.6	13.78
SEPTEMBER	369.14	41.9	8.81	347.68	42.4	8.20	579.83	42.2	13.74
OCTOBER	369.73	42.4	8.72	360.74	44.1	8.18	580.98	42.1	13.80
NOVEMBER	374.36	42.3	8.85	375.84	48.0	7.83	584.70	42.4	13.79
DECEMBER	377.47	42.7	8.84	396.75	50.8	7.81	590.54	42.7	13.83
ANNUAL AVERAGE	**$358.07**	**41.3**	**$8.67**	**$351.11**	**43.4**	**$ 8.09**	**$586.44**	**42.9**	**$13.67**

AWE - Average Weekly Earnings
AWH - Average Weekly Hours
AHE - Average Hourly Earnings

Table 12

ATLANTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**1,385.9**	**1,393.2**	**1,406.5**	**1,408.3**	**1,414.5**	**1,424.4**	**1,424.0**	**1,419.9**	**1,424.2**	**1,431.1**	**1,435.9**	**1,443.1**	**1,417.6**
Manufacturing	189.8	189.5	188.7	187.0	186.4	186.8	184.9	180.2	178.5	180.9	180.4	179.6	**184.4**
Durable goods	100.3	99.2	98.3	97.3	96.7	96.7	95.3	90.6	89.3	91.4	90.9	90.1	**94.7**
Lumber and wood products	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	**4.9**
Furniture and fixtures	4.3	4.3	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.2	**4.2**
Household furniture	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	**1.8**
Stone, clay, and glass products	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.5	9.5	9.5	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.4	**9.3**
Primary metal industries	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.7	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.5	6.3	**6.5**
Fabricated metal products	9.6	9.7	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.8	9.7	9.9	10.0	10.0	10.1	**9.8**
Machinery, except electrical	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.6	9.6	**9.6**
Electric and electronic equipment	16.4	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.6	16.5	16.6	16.4	16.3	16.2	16.1	**16.4**
Transportation equipment	34.0	32.6	31.7	30.6	30.2	29.3	28.1	23.8	22.8	24.8	24.3	23.8	**28.0**
Other durable goods[1]	5.8	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.1	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	6.0	**6.0**
Nondurable goods	89.5	90.2	90.4	89.7	89.7	90.1	89.7	89.6	89.2	89.5	89.5	89.5	**89.7**
Food and kindred products	20.3	20.3	20.2	20.1	20.0	20.2	20.1	20.1	20.1	20.2	20.3	20.1	**20.2**
Meat products	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	**6.5**
Bakery products	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	**3.7**
Textile mill products	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.5	**7.6**
Weaving mills, cotton	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	**2.8**
Yarn and thread mills	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	**0.9**
Apparel and other textile products	11.3	11.3	11.3	10.6	10.7	10.6	10.3	10.6	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	**10.7**
Men's and boys' clothing	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	**4.3**
Women's and children's clothing	3.1	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	**2.8**
Paper and allied products	8.8	8.8	8.8	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.1	**8.9**
Paperboard containers and boxes	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.3	**5.2**
Printing and publishing	23.4	23.8	24.0	24.0	24.1	24.2	24.2	23.9	24.0	24.2	24.0	24.0	**24.0**
Commercial printing	9.3	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.7	9.6	9.8	9.9	9.7	9.5	**9.6**
Chemicals and allied products	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.2	9.1	9.1	9.0	9.1	9.1	**9.1**
Other nondurable goods[2]	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.2	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.1	9.1	9.2	9.2	**9.2**

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 12 (continued)

ATLANTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Nonmanufacturing	1,196.1	1,203.7	1,217.8	1,221.3	1,228.2	1,237.6	1,239.1	1,239.7	1,245.7	1,250.2	1,255.5	1,263.5	**1,233.2**
Mining	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	**1.5**
Contract construction	67.0	68.5	70.3	69.9	70.6	71.9	73.2	72.9	71.0	70.0	69.3	68.7	**70.3**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	117.7	117.9	119.0	118.6	119.4	120.5	121.0	121.4	122.0	122.0	122.1	122.3	**120.3**
Transportation	73.8	74.1	74.9	75.1	75.7	76.4	76.7	77.0	77.7	78.0	78.2	78.6	**76.4**
Wholesale and retail trade	390.6	389.3	391.7	394.6	396.3	398.5	401.2	402.7	403.7	406.4	410.5	416.5	**400.2**
Wholesale trade	134.9	135.7	136.1	136.9	137.1	137.7	138.1	138.7	139.2	139.3	139.1	139.2	**137.7**
Wholesale trade - durable	97.0	97.5	97.5	97.9	98.1	98.4	98.4	98.7	99.2	99.4	99.2	99.4	**98.4**
Wholesale trade - nondurable	38.0	38.2	38.6	38.9	39.0	39.3	39.7	39.9	40.1	39.9	39.8	39.8	**39.3**
Retail trade	255.6	253.6	255.6	257.7	259.2	260.7	263.1	264.0	264.5	267.1	271.5	277.3	**262.5**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	100.3	100.8	101.2	102.0	102.4	103.6	104.1	104.1	104.0	104.1	104.3	104.5	**102.9**
Finance	40.0	39.9	39.9	40.5	40.5	40.9	41.3	41.2	41.0	41.1	41.1	41.2	**40.7**
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	35.7	36.1	36.4	36.5	36.7	36.9	36.8	36.8	36.9	36.9	37.2	37.2	**36.7**
Services	321.2	325.3	330.3	331.5	333.2	338.1	339.8	339.1	342.6	340.7	341.0	342.1	**335.4**
Hotels and other lodging places	23.1	23.3	23.8	23.5	23.7	23.5	23.6	23.5	23.7	23.7	23.6	23.6	**23.5**
Business services	99.2	100.6	101.5	102.1	102.9	104.6	105.0	104.7	106.2	105.9	106.5	107.6	**103.9**
Health services	60.7	61.0	61.5	61.5	61.8	62.5	62.7	63.1	63.0	63.3	63.3	63.6	**62.3**
Private hospitals[3]	23.9	23.9	23.9	24.1	24.2	24.4	24.6	24.7	24.6	24.7	24.6	24.7	**24.4**
Government	197.8	200.3	203.8	203.2	204.7	203.4	198.1	198.0	200.9	205.5	206.8	208.0	**202.6**
Federal	42.6	43.3	43.6	44.0	43.5	43.4	43.7	43.3	43.2	43.2	43.7	45.3	**43.6**
Defense	5.9	5.9	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	**6.0**
Other federal[4]	36.7	37.5	37.8	37.9	37.5	37.4	37.6	37.3	37.3	37.3	37.8	39.3	**37.6**
State	39.1	39.5	39.7	40.4	40.9	41.3	40.0	40.2	38.9	41.9	42.0	41.9	**40.5**
State education	13.3	13.6	13.6	14.0	14.1	14.3	12.7	12.9	11.8	15.0	14.9	14.7	**13.7**
Other state	25.8	25.9	26.2	26.4	26.7	27.0	27.3	27.3	27.1	26.9	27.0	27.1	**26.7**
Local	116.1	117.5	120.5	118.8	120.3	118.8	114.5	114.5	118.8	120.4	121.1	120.9	**118.5**
Local education	58.7	59.5	60.3	60.2	60.4	58.4	53.1	53.0	57.8	59.0	59.3	59.1	**58.2**
Other local	57.5	58.0	60.2	58.6	59.9	60.3	61.4	61.5	61.0	61.5	61.8	61.8	**60.3**

[1] Includes professional, scientific, and controlling instruments; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
[2] Includes petroleum refining and related industries; and rubber and miscellaneous plastic products.
[3] Government hospitals are included in other federal, other state, and other local government.
[4] Includes post offices.

Table 13

ALBANY MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES
WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)
1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**47.7**	**47.7**	**47.9**	**47.5**	**47.5**	**47.9**	**47.0**	**47.3**	**48.2**	**48.6**	**48.6**	**49.0**	**47.9**
Manufacturing	8.1	8.1	8.1	7.9	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.0	**8.0**
Durable goods	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	**1.8**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	**0.7**
Other durable goods[1]	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	**1.1**
Nondurable goods	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.2	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	**6.2**
Food and kindred products	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	**2.0**
Textile mill products	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	**1.1**
Chemicals and allied products	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	**0.4**
Other nondurable goods[2]	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.6	**2.7**
Nonmanufacturing	39.6	39.6	39.8	39.7	39.6	39.8	39.0	39.4	40.4	40.7	40.7	41.0	**39.9**
Mining[3]	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Contract construction	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	**2.5**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	**2.4**
Wholesale and retail trade	12.3	12.1	12.2	12.3	12.3	12.2	12.0	12.0	12.3	12.5	12.4	12.6	**12.3**
Wholesale trade	3.4	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.2	**3.3**
Retail trade	9.0	8.8	8.8	8.9	9.0	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.4	**9.0**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	**2.3**
Services	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.8	7.9	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	**7.8**
Government	12.4	12.6	12.6	12.7	12.7	12.7	11.8	12.3	12.8	12.9	13.2	13.2	**12.7**
Federal	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	**3.4**
State and local	8.9	9.1	9.2	9.3	9.3	9.3	8.4	8.9	9.4	9.5	9.8	9.8	**9.2**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; transportation equipment; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes apparel and other finished textile products; paper and allied products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries.

[3] Employment of fewer than 100 workers.

Table 14

ATHENS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**63.1**	**63.9**	**64.2**	**64.9**	**65.0**	**64.6**	**64.1**	**63.9**	**63.7**	**66.8**	**66.9**	**66.6**	**64.8**
Manufacturing	15.0	15.0	15.0	14.9	14.9	14.9	14.8	15.0	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.1	**15.0**
Durable goods	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.3	**5.5**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.5	**2.7**
Other durable goods[1]	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	**2.8**
Nondurable goods	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	9.9	**9.5**
Food and kindred products	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.7	**3.5**
Textile mill products	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	**2.4**
Apparel and other textile products	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	**2.2**
Other nondurable goods[2]	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	**1.5**
Nonmanufacturing	48.1	48.9	49.2	49.9	50.1	49.7	49.3	49.0	48.7	51.7	51.8	51.4	**49.8**
Mining	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	**0.1**
Contract construction	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.4	2.5	**2.5**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	**1.7**
Wholesale and retail trade	13.3	13.6	13.6	14.0	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.0	14.3	14.6	14.7	14.8	**14.1**
Wholesale trade	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.2	3.2	**3.0**
Retail trade	10.6	10.8	10.8	11.1	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.0	11.2	11.4	11.5	11.6	**11.1**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	**1.9**
Services	9.5	9.7	9.8	10.0	10.1	10.2	10.4	10.3	10.3	10.7	10.7	10.4	**10.2**
Government	19.2	19.5	19.6	19.7	19.6	18.9	18.2	18.2	17.8	20.1	20.1	19.9	**19.2**
Federal	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	**2.2**
State and local	17.1	17.3	17.4	17.6	17.4	16.7	16.1	15.9	15.6	17.9	17.8	17.6	**17.0**

[1] Includes lumber and wood products, furniture and fixtures, stone, clay, and glass products, transportation equipment, and miscellaneous manufacturing industries

[2] Includes paper and allied products, printing, publishing, and allied industries, chemicals and allied products, and leather and leather products

Table 15

AUGUSTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**157.4**	**157.2**	**158.4**	**160.2**	**159.4**	**159.4**	**159.4**	**159.0**	**159.0**	**159.2**	**159.6**	**160.1**	**159.0**
Manufacturing	36.0	36.0	36.1	35.8	36.0	36.1	36.2	36.3	36.4	36.4	36.5	36.7	**36.2**
Durable goods	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.2	9.2	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.1	9.2	**9.1**
Lumber and wood products	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	**1.1**
Stone, clay, and glass products	3.0	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.9	**3.0**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	**2.5**
Other durable goods [1]	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.6	**2.5**
Nondurable goods	27.0	27.0	27.0	26.7	26.8	26.9	27.1	27.3	27.4	27.3	27.4	27.5	**27.1**
Food and kindred products	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	**2.2**
Textile mill products	5.9	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.1	**5.9**
Apparel and other textile products	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	**3.1**
Printing and publishing	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	**1.4**
Other nondurable goods [2]	14.5	14.7	14.6	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.4	14.5	14.4	14.4	14.4	14.5	**14.5**
Nonmanufacturing	121.5	121.2	122.3	124.4	123.4	123.3	123.2	122.7	122.6	122.8	123.1	123.5	**122.8**
Mining	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	**0.5**
Contract construction	10.0	9.9	10.3	10.1	10.2	10.2	10.4	10.4	10.2	10.4	10.5	10.6	**10.3**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	**4.7**
Wholesale and retail trade	34.6	34.2	34.5	35.5	35.1	35.2	35.1	35.1	35.0	35.0	35.2	35.4	**35.0**
Wholesale trade	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	**4.8**
Retail trade	29.8	29.4	29.6	30.7	30.2	30.4	30.3	30.2	30.2	30.2	30.4	30.5	**30.2**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	5.0	4.8	4.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7	**5.6**
Services	32.2	32.3	32.7	33.4	32.9	33.0	33.2	32.9	33.0	32.9	32.9	32.8	**32.9**
Government	34.1	34.3	34.4	33.9	34.1	33.9	33.6	33.5	33.6	33.9	34.0	34.1	**34.0**
Federal	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.1	8.2	**8.1**
State and local	25.9	26.1	26.2	25.9	26.0	25.8	25.4	25.5	25.6	25.9	26.0	25.9	**25.8**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; transportation equipment; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes paper and allied products; and chemicals and allied products.

Table 16

COLUMBUS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**92.5**	**92.6**	**93.3**	**94.2**	**95.1**	**95.8**	**95.2**	**95.1**	**95.0**	**95.2**	**95.0**	**95.6**	**94.5**
Manufacturing	20.1	20.3	20.3	20.3	20.3	20.4	20.3	20.4	20.5	20.5	20.3	20.5	**20.3**
Durable goods	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.4	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.7	**6.5**
Lumber and wood products	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	**0.8**
Stone, clay, and glass products	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	**0.8**
Primary and fabricated metals and machinery	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	**3.8**
Other durable goods[1]	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	**1.1**
Nondurable goods	13.8	13.9	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.9	13.8	13.8	13.8	13.9	13.6	13.8	**13.8**
Food and kindred products	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	**3.5**
Textile mill products	7.1	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.6	6.8	**6.9**
Apparel and other textile products	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	**0.6**
Printing and publishing	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	**1.3**
Other nondurable goods[2]	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	**1.5**
Nonmanufacturing	72.4	72.4	73.0	74.0	74.8	75.4	74.9	74.7	74.5	74.6	74.7	75.1	**74.2**
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	**0.1**
Contract construction	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.0	5.0	5.1	**5.1**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	**3.6**
Wholesale and retail trade	20.0	19.8	19.9	20.6	21.0	21.3	21.4	21.4	21.2	21.2	21.3	21.4	**20.9**
Wholesale trade	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	**2.5**
Retail trade	17.5	17.3	17.4	18.1	18.5	18.7	18.9	18.8	18.7	18.7	18.8	18.9	**18.4**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6.5	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	**6.6**
Services	16.5	16.6	16.8	17.3	17.4	17.6	17.4	17.5	17.4	17.5	17.5	17.8	**17.3**
Government	20.7	20.8	21.0	20.9	20.9	20.8	20.5	20.4	20.5	20.7	20.7	20.7	**20.7**
Federal	7.3	7.3	7.2	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	**7.1**
State and local	13.4	13.5	13.7	13.8	13.8	13.7	13.5	13.4	13.5	13.7	13.7	13.7	**13.6**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; transportation equipment; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes paper and allied products; and chemicals and allied products.

Table 17

MACON-WARNER ROBINS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**118.1**	**118.2**	**118.9**	**119.7**	**120.7**	**121.8**	**121.6**	**121.7**	**122.6**	**122.7**	**123.2**	**123.5**	**121.1**
Manufacturing	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.5	18.7	19.0	19.2	19.2	19.6	19.2	18.9	18.6	**18.8**
Durable goods	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.3	**7.6**
Lumber and wood products	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	**0.4**
Stone, clay, and glass products	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	**1.2**
Machinery, except electrical	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	**0.5**
Other durable goods[1]	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.3	**5.5**
Nondurable goods	10.8	10.7	10.7	11.0	11.2	11.3	11.5	11.5	11.9	11.6	11.4	11.2	**11.2**
Food and kindred products	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.9	2.6	2.3	2.1	**2.3**
Textile mill products	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	**1.4**
Apparel and other textile products	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	**1.2**
Paper and allied products	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	**2.3**
Chemicals and allied products	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	**0.4**
Other nondurable goods[2]	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	**3.7**
Nonmanufacturing	100.0	100.0	100.5	101.2	101.9	102.8	102.4	102.5	103.0	103.5	104.2	105.0	**102.3**
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	**0.1**
Contract construction	4.6	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.2	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	**5.1**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.3	5.3	**5.2**
Wholesale and retail trade	27.6	27.4	27.6	27.9	28.3	28.4	28.4	28.4	28.5	28.5	28.6	28.8	**28.2**
Wholesale trade	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	**5.2**
Retail trade	22.6	22.4	22.5	22.8	23.1	23.2	23.1	23.1	23.2	23.3	23.4	23.6	**23.0**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	7.3	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.8	**7.5**
Services	22.2	22.2	22.3	22.7	22.7	23.2	23.3	23.2	23.1	23.2	23.3	23.4	**22.9**
Government	33.0	33.1	33.3	32.8	33.0	33.0	32.3	32.4	33.1	33.5	34.0	34.4	**33.2**
Federal	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.3	16.3	16.4	16.4	16.5	16.5	16.7	17.2	17.5	**16.6**
State and local	16.5	16.6	16.7	16.5	16.7	16.6	15.9	15.9	16.6	16.8	16.8	16.9	**16.5**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; primary and fabricated metals; transportation equipment; electrical machinery; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.
[2] Includes printing, publishing, and allied industries; petroleum and rubber products; and leather and leather products.

Table 18

SAVANNAH MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT - TOTAL EMPLOYEES WAGE AND SALARY, EXCEPT DOMESTICS
(In thousands)

1988

INDUSTRY	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DEC	ANNUAL AVERAGE
Total nonagricultural employment	**103.2**	**103.1**	**103.8**	**104.2**	**104.8**	**106.0**	**106.1**	**106.0**	**106.3**	**105.8**	**105.9**	**106.3**	**105.1**
Manufacturing	17.3	17.2	17.4	17.6	17.5	17.6	17.5	17.6	17.8	17.7	17.7	17.8	**17.6**
Durable goods	8.0	7.9	8.0	8.1	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.4	8.3	8.2	8.2	**8.2**
Lumber and wood products	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	**1.3**
Millwork, plywood, and veneer	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	**0.6**
Transportation equipment	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	**5.3**
Other durable goods[1]	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	**1.6**
Nondurable goods	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.3	9.3	9.5	9.4	9.6	9.6	**9.4**
Food and kindred products	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	**2.0**
Paper and allied products	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.7	4.8	4.9	**4.7**
Chemicals and allied products	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	**1.4**
Petroleum and coal products	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	**0.4**
Other nondurable goods[2]	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	**0.8**
Nonmanufacturing	85.9	85.9	86.5	86.6	87.3	88.3	88.6	88.4	88.4	88.2	88.2	88.5	**87.6**
Mining[3]	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	**—**
Contract construction	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.3	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.3	6.3	**6.4**
Transportation, communication, and public utilities	9.3	9.6	9.6	9.3	9.5	9.6	9.9	9.7	10.1	9.8	9.6	9.5	**9.6**
Wholesale and retail trade	25.3	24.8	25.2	25.6	25.9	26.1	26.4	26.5	26.5	26.4	26.5	26.9	**26.0**
Wholesale trade	5.2	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.2	5.2	5.2	**5.2**
Retail trade	20.0	19.6	20.0	20.4	20.7	20.9	21.1	21.2	21.2	21.2	21.3	21.6	**20.8**
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.5	**4.6**
Services	24.5	24.8	24.8	24.8	24.9	25.3	25.1	24.9	24.8	24.9	25.1	25.2	**24.9**
Government	15.8	15.9	16.0	16.1	16.2	16.2	16.0	15.9	15.9	16.1	16.0	16.1	**16.0**
Federal	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	**2.8**
State and local	13.0	13.1	13.2	13.3	13.4	13.3	13.2	13.1	13.0	13.3	13.2	13.3	**13.2**

[1] Includes furniture and fixtures; stone, clay, and glass products; fabricated metals; nonelectrical/electrical machinery; and miscellaneous manufacturing industries.

[2] Includes apparel and other finished products; and printing, publishing, and allied industries.

[3] Industry division does not meet disclosure criteria.

Notes

All estimates of employment for nonagricultural wage and salary workers (except domestics) for Georgia and all Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) have been prepared in cooperation with the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. They are comparable with the national estimates prepared by that bureau and with state and area estimates prepared by cooperating agencies in other states.

The revised employment series for 1987-1988 have been adjusted to benchmark levels indicative of 1988 records generated by the Georgia Employment Security Agency and supplemented by special benchmark data for groups of workers not fully covered by records from the above agency. These include such groups as railroads and railroad services, insurance agents on straight commission, churches, and other religious nonprofit organizations.

This series is based upon reports submitted by selected cooperating employers, with the exception of proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces. Estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during the pay period containing the twelfth of the month. Regular members of the faculty in private and public schools are considered employed throughout the year even though they may be on vacation during the summer months. Other workers on unpaid vacations are not counted as employed for the period concerned.

The hours and earnings series for 1987-1988 for all industries have been adjusted to the appropriate benchmark for employment and revised where necessary to reflect changes in code definitions or classifications.

Average weekly earnings, average weekly hours, and average hourly earnings in manufacturing industries are estimated for production workers only and exclude supervisory, sales, office, clerical, and other office personnel.

Average earnings are computed on a "gross basis" reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as premium pay and overtime and late shift work. Payments made by the employer directly to employees for vacations, holidays, and sick leave are included. Retroactive pay and bonuses, unless earned and paid for on a regular basis, are excluded. Value of free fuel, rent, meals, or other payments in kind is also excluded.

Average weekly earnings are a product of rounded average weekly hours and average hourly earnings.

Georgia's Metropolitan Statistical Areas

MSA	COUNTIES (Central county or counties in italics)
Albany	*Dougherty* and Lee
Athens	*Clarke*, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee
Atlanta	Barrow, Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, *DeKalb*, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, *Fulton*, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton
Augusta	Columbia, McDuffie, and *Richmond*, Georgia; and Aiken, South Carolina
Columbus	Chattahoochee and *Muscogee*, Georgia; and Russell, Alabama
Macon-Warner Robins	*Bibb*, Houston, Jones, and Peach
Savannah	*Chatham* and Effingham

Produced by the Georgia Department of Labor in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Employment Growth Surges in Nonmetropolitan Georgia

Continued from page 2

machinery, except electrical. Most of the gain in that industry occurred in metalworking machinery and equipment.

The annual average employment in transportation equipment was down 1,500 from 1987. This decline obscures contrasting trends in the industry. While aircraft assembly lost 3,600 jobs (due to expiration of a major defense contract), miscellaneous transportation equipment rose 1,700, and the automobile industry gained 400 jobs.

The overall gain of 1,200 in food and kindred products masked significant movement in the industry. Meat and dairy products both experienced moderate declines. Demand for those foods has followed a steady downward trend related to dietary changes among health-conscious Americans. On the other side of this trend, poultry dressing and processing was up by 500. According to an industry spokesman, the increasing demand for a variety of poultry products has caused more hiring to meet the additional processing needs. Bakery products was up 400, as a few large Georgia manufacturers have been able to capture a larger share of state and regional markets.

Although slowing somewhat with the rest of the economy in 1988, textile mill products added 2,100 jobs. Employment in weaving mills, and knitting mills remained stable as demand on the part of apparel manufacturers nationwide has slackened. The carpet industry continued to add employment (1,100) despite the slowdown in general building because of strong sales in floor covering for replacement in existing structures. Employment rose by 300 in yarn and thread mills.

As cheaper foreign goods make further advances in U.S. clothing markets, employment in apparel manufacturing is on the decline. Most of the 800 job decrease in Georgia was in men's and boys' clothing, where the annual average employment was down 1,200 from 1987.

Printing and publishing had the second largest gain in the manufacturing sector. The 1,900 increase represents a 5.1 percent growth rate. Commercial printing was up 700, and newspapers gained about 200 jobs. Manufacturers of blankbooks and binders (including those for carpet samples) accounted for a significant share of the employment growth in printing and publishing.

Finance, insurance, and real estate grew by 5,700 jobs, or 3.7 percent. The banking industry, spurred on by opening of branch offices, increased 1,300. Employment in credit agencies experienced some fallout as an abundance of lenders remaining from the boom years of this decade chase fewer and fewer loans.

Because of efforts to expand markets with an increasing array of services, insurance carriers made strong employment gains again in 1988. Real estate employment grew much faster than average (7.7 percent) and added 2,700 jobs despite a slump in major housing markets.

The consequences of overbuilding, slower job growth and the completion of several heavy construction projects is reflected in the 3,300 drop in construction employment. General building declined by 1,700, and heavy construction lost 1,800 jobs. Special trades construction saw a decline of only 300. This industry is not as susceptible to building downturns because many special trades contractors do a large share of their business in repair and renovation work on existing structures.

Cost $586.91
Quantity 1,600

S190S-1
5/31/89

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR | LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS | JOE D. TANNER, COMMISSIONER

VOLUME XV, NUMBER 1
(January 1989 data)

Georgia's Employment Decline Less than U.S. Average

Responding to normal seasonal factors, nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 33,400 from the December level. Although a significant number, the decline represents only a 1.1 percent drop in total employment, as compared to the 1.8 percent decrease in the U.S. during the same period.

Georgia gained 109,700 jobs since January of 1988, a 3.9 percent increase. As in the previous years of this decade, most of the growth was in nonmanufacturing. Retail trade alone accounted for just over a third of the added employment despite reductions in retail investment.

Manufacturing dropped 2,600 from December, almost evenly distributed between the durable and nondurable goods sectors. The decline in durable goods manufacturing was widely scattered. The biggest drop occurred in stone, clay, and glass products, which is experiencing the effects of reduction in construction activity. Lumber and wood products, also susceptible to the recent excesses in building, dropped 200.

Employment declined by 1,200 in nondurable goods manufacturing. Scattered losses in food and kindred products were partially offset by gains in meat products and poultry processing.

Textile mill products was the only major industry group to post an employment gain from December. Floor covering mills experienced the largest gain of any manufacturing industry, adding 400 jobs from December to January. Weaving mills, both cotton and synthetic, lost employment as the demand from domestic apparel makers continues to slacken because many cut-and-sew operations have closed or moved overseas. Following this trend, apparel dropped 500 jobs over the month and 3,600 since January 1988. The slump in apparel manufacturing is a nationwide trend as cheaper foreign-made goods capture a growing share of the market.

Paper and allied products saw mixed activity. Gains in pulp, paper, and paperboard mills offset losses in other areas. Printing and publishing remained stable, with small seasonal

Continued on the following page

New Developments

International Business Machines (IBM) awarded a $ 1 million grant to Georgia Tech's Manufacturing Research Center for research in electronics manufacturing. The five-year grant will be used to fund faculty research in interconnection technology, manufacturing systems design, manufacturing logistics and artificial intelligence. The research center will be housed in a new 120,000-square-foot building to be completed in 1990.

De Ster n.v., a Dutch plastics manufacturer, announced that it will build a $100 million plant near Thomaston in Upson County. The Amsterdam company is a leading manufacturer of plastic products for the airline industry's in-flight services. It makes the plastic trays, flatware, and dishes on which food is served to airline passengers. According to George Berry, commissioner of the Georgia Department of Industry and Trade, De Ster has been growing at a rate of about 20 percent per year for the last 15 years and plans to increase its share of the U.S. market. The plant, which is slated to be operating by the end of the 1990, will employ up to 500 people.

Leath Furniture Inc., a Chicago-based furniture retailer, will move its corporate headquarters to Atlanta in April. A company spokesman said that there are no plans for stores in this area. Atlanta was selected because it is central to Leath's 30 stores in the midwest and 10 stores in Florida.

Apple Computer Inc. opened a new regional operations headquarters in Atlanta. A company spokeswoman said the new headquarters is part of a year-old corporate effort to move decision-making power closer to customers. The new office, located in the Northpark Town Center complex, will oversee Apple operations from North Carolina to Texas.

Continued on the following page

Georgia's Employment Decline Less than U.S. Average

Continued from page 1

declines in commercial printing recouped by scattered gains in other segments.

Contract construction dropped 6,200 from December to January, but only 5,700 from January 1988. The largest monthly decrease occurred in special trades contracting (down 3,400), which is also the largest construction employer. Heavy construction was down 1,300 over the month and 1,500 from one year ago. In general building, where employment declined by 1,500 from December, the consequences of overbuilding in both the residential and commercial sectors will restrain growth in 1989.

In the transportation, communication, and public utilities division, motor freight showed the only substantial employment decline (500) from December. This drop is almost entirely a result of the normal seasonal fluctuation by a major package carrier that hires many extra workers for the year-end holiday traffic. Telephone communication was up 400 over the month as Atlanta-based regional service providers continue to expand. All other areas of the division were relatively unchanged.

Historically, trade employment drops markedly in January because of post-holiday season reductions in force. This year was no exception; retail employment decreased by 18,400 jobs from December. Looking at the long-term trend, it appears that growth in retail employment will slow substantially in the 1990's. Considered to be a new mecca of purchasing power in the 1980's, metro Atlanta drew many national retailers into the state. However, with per capita income growth at half the rate seen in 1980, slowing in-migration, and rising interest rates, a fallout in retail trade is already becoming evident.

The finance, insurance, and real estate division remained relatively unchanged from December, with contrasting gains and losses. Finance experienced the single largest drop in employment (600) as lenders adjust to tighter markets and rising interest rates. Some analysts expect significant reductions in employment from the levels reached during the boom years of the mid-1980's.

The services industries showed a 1.1 percent decline from December, almost entirely in business services and hotels, which are facing higher vacancy rates. Health services, not typically affected by seasonal factors, dropped 300 jobs largely because of declining occupancy rates in hospitals.

Government employment gained 2,100 overall, where gains in state and local compensated for significant cutbacks at the federal level. Part of the monthly federal decline is not an actual reduction. The Internal Revenue Service hired people in late 1988 to train for the tax season. They were laid off in January following the training period, but will be recalled as the filing rush progresses. The gain of 1,500 in state education is not a true increase. Rather, it reflects the reopening of state colleges following the Christmas break.

New Developments

Continued from page 1

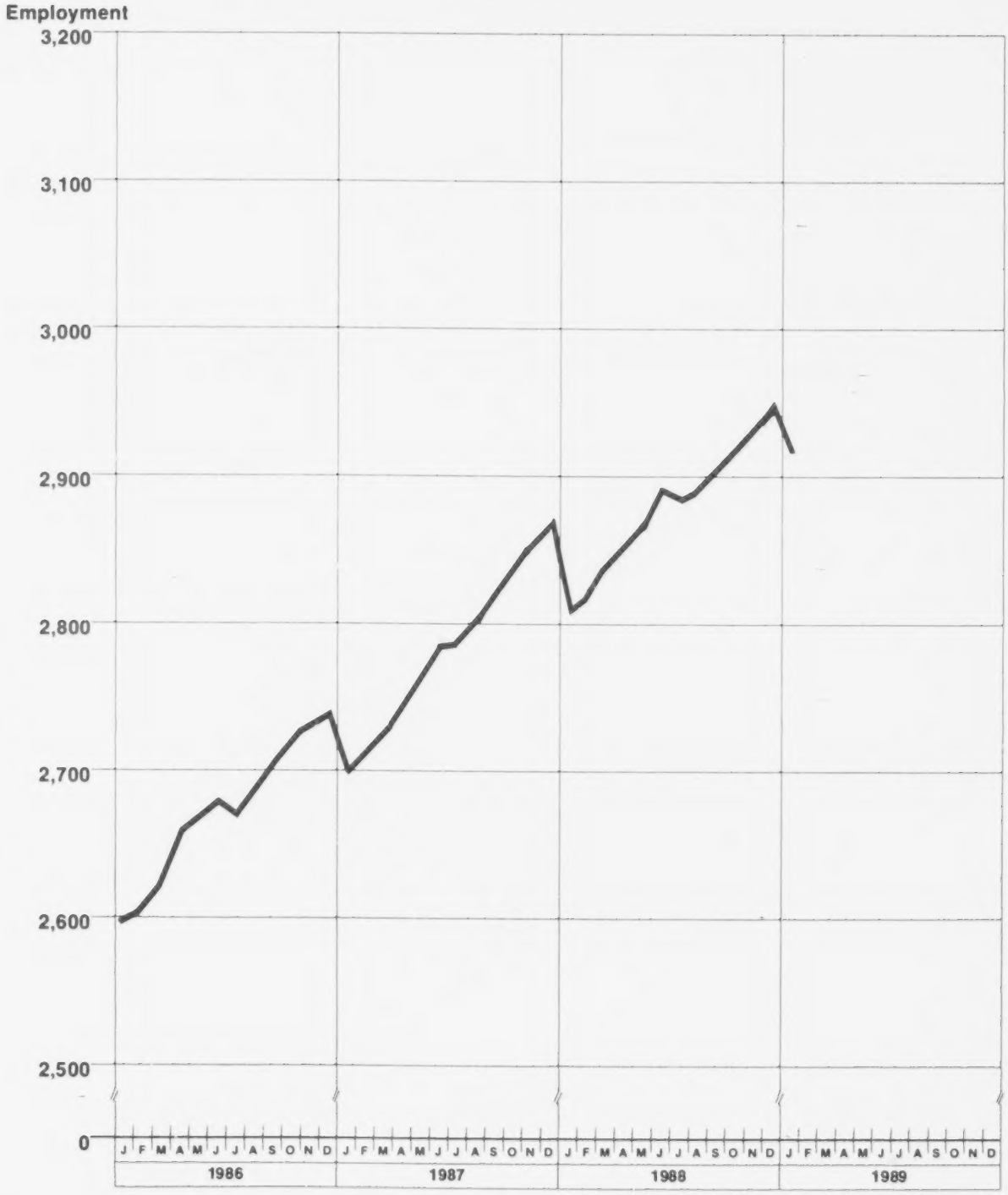
Deutz-Allis Corp. will move its corporate headquarters from West Allis, Wisconsin, to Atlanta by July. The offices of the farm equipment manufacturer will employ about 100 people. Deutz-Allis, which has been trying to cut operating expenses in line with the downturn in the farm equipment industry, said that the major advantages for moving to Atlanta were lower real estate costs and Hartsfield International Airport's nonstop flights to West Germany. The Deutz Corporation, owned by the same German parent, also has its U.S. headquarters in Atlanta.

Dayton Hudson Corp., one of the nation's largest retailers, closed the **Branden's** chain of houseware specialty stores just three months after the opening of its fifth store in metro Atlanta. Even though industry analysts believe the rapid growth of specialty stores will continue into the next decade, they said that Branden's didn't perform well enough for Dayton Hudson. Branden's apparently did not meet the retailers requirement that an operation should achieve an annual return on investment of 15 percent. The closing will eliminate 485 jobs, including those in the Stone Mountain distribution center.

Sara Lee Knit Products Company is opening a plant to manufacture Hanes imprintable t-shirts near Midway in Liberty County. The company, which is currently developing training staff, is scheduled to occupy the plant by April 15th. Employees will be trained and put on the production line at the rate of about twelve every two weeks. Total employment at the plant should reach 150-200 by December, and the company will eventually operate with 500-600 workers.

The Federal National Mortgage Association, known as Fannie Mae, will close the operations of its Norcross-based Software Systems, a provider of software and hardware to small and medium-sized mortgage lenders. Influenced by recent changes in the mortgage servicing industry, Software Systems has failed to meet Fannie Mae's performance expectations. While 80 workers have already been terminated, about 140 will lose their jobs as the company is shut down over the next eighteen months.

TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(In thousands)


Employment
3,200
3,100
3,000
2,900
2,800
2,700
2,600
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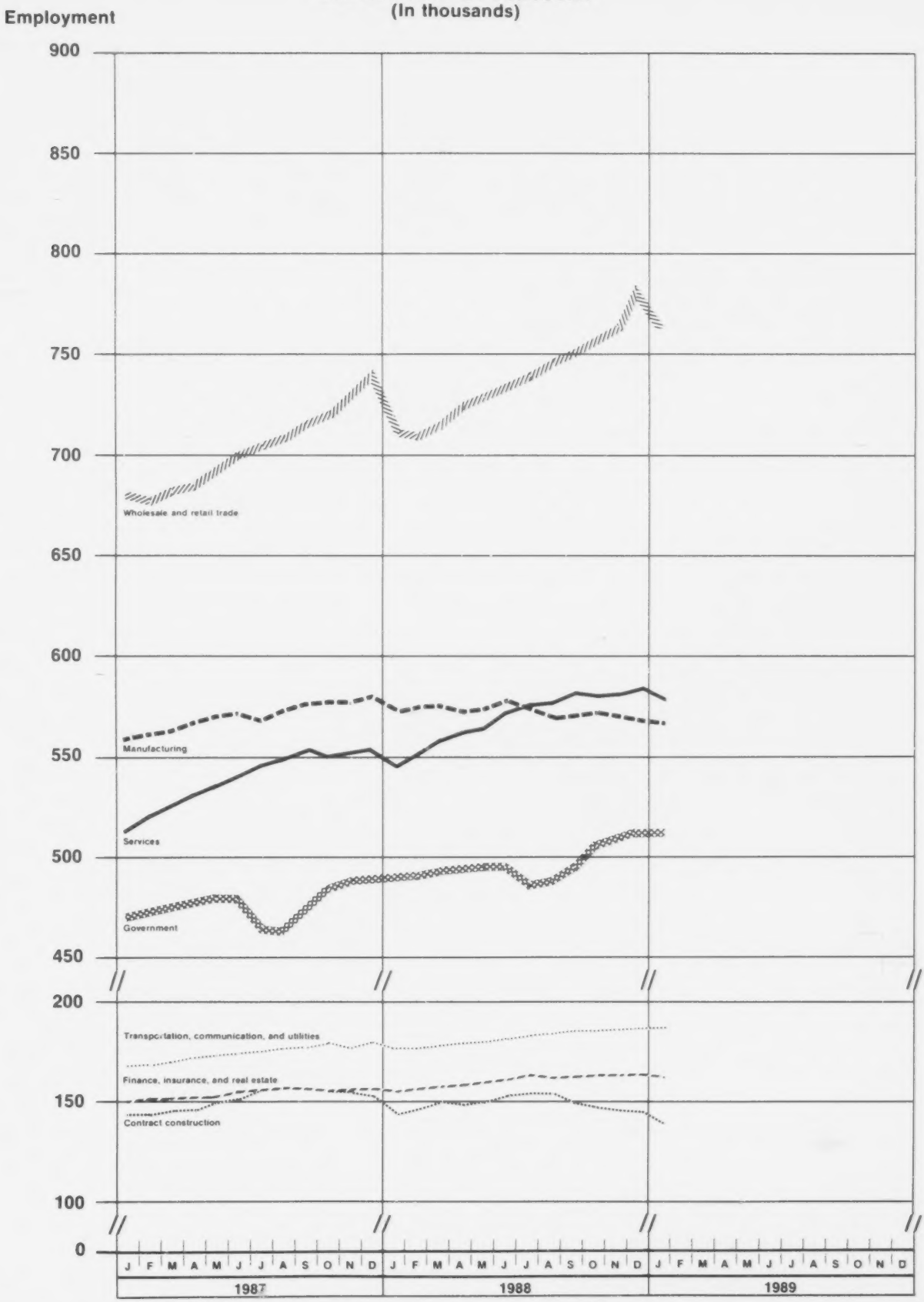
0
J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M J J A S O N D
1986
1987
1988
1989

EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY
(In thousands)



GEORGIA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	2,916.5	2,949.9	2,806.8	-33.4	109.7
Manufacturing	300005	567.2	569.8	574.9	-2.6	-7.7
Durable goods	300025	218.0	219.3	227.7	-1.3	-9.7
Lumber and wood products	324005	32.8	33.0	34.0	-.2	-1.2
Logging camps, sawmills, and planing mills	324195	13.7	13.7	14.0	0	-.3
Furniture and fixtures	325005	11.3	11.4	11.8	-.1	-.5
Household furniture	325105	6.0	5.9	6.5	.1	-.5
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	20.5	20.9	20.8	-.4	-.3
Primary metal industries	333005	15.8	15.9	15.6	-.1	.2
Fabricated metal products	334005	21.5	21.6	20.7	-.1	.8
Machinery, except electrical	335005	26.7	26.8	25.8	-.1	.9
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	31.5	31.5	31.6	0	-.1
Transportation equipment	337005	44.8	45.0	54.5	-.2	-9.7
Other durable goods	399915	13.1	13.4	13.0	-.3	.1
Nondurable goods	400015	349.3	350.5	347.2	-1.2	2.1
Food and kindred products	420005	59.5	59.8	58.5	-.3	1.0
Meat products	420105	26.5	26.4	25.5	.1	1.0
Poultry dressing and poultry processing	420185	20.4	20.4	19.7	0	.7
Dairy products	420205	3.5	3.6	3.5	-.1	0
Bakery products	420505	9.8	9.9	9.2	-.1	.6
Textile mill products	422005	110.5	110.3	108.0	.2	2.5
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	17.1	17.2	17.7	-.1	-.6
Weaving mills, synthetic	422205	8.7	8.8	8.5	-.1	.2
Knitting mills	422505	9.5	9.4	8.8	.1	.7
Floor covering mills	422705	37.4	37.0	35.4	.4	2.0
Yarn and thread mills	422805	21.2	21.4	21.2	-.2	0
Apparel and other textile products	423005	65.4	65.9	69.0	-.5	-3.6
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	35.2	35.3	37.1	-.1	-1.9
Women's and children's clothing	423335	19.9	19.9	21.2	0	-1.3
Paper and allied products	426005	32.1	32.3	32.1	-.2	0
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	426135	14.2	14.1	14.0	.1	.2
Paperboard containers and boxes	426505	7.9	7.9	8.1	0	-.2
Printing and publishing	427005	39.7	39.7	38.1	0	1.6
Commercial printing	427505	15.0	15.1	14.7	-.1	.3
Chemicals and allied products	428005	19.5	19.6	19.2	-.1	.3
Agricultural chemicals	428705	1.5	1.5	1.4	0	.1
Leather and leather products	431005	1.9	1.9	1.7	0	.2
Other nondurable goods	499915	20.8	21.0	20.5	-.2	.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	2,349.3	2,380.0	2,231.8	-30.7	117.5
Mining	100005	9.0	9.0	8.7	0	.3
Contract construction	200005	138.4	144.6	144.1	-6.2	-5.7
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	186.0	186.2	177.6	-.2	8.4
Transportation	500015	114.4	114.9	106.6	-.5	7.8
Communication (except U.S. Postal Service)	548005	44.4	44.0	44.2	.4	.2
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	549005	27.2	27.2	26.8	0	.4
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	764.0	783.1	711.1	-19.1	52.9
Wholesale trade	650005	223.2	223.8	207.4	-.6	15.8
Wholesale trade—durable	650015	146.4	146.7	135.9	-.3	10.5
Wholesale trade—nondurable	651005	76.8	77.2	71.5	-.4	5.3
Retail trade	652005	540.9	559.3	503.7	-18.4	37.2
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	162.6	163.6	156.9	-1.0	5.7
Finance	760025	72.1	72.7	70.2	-.6	1.9
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	763045	52.9	53.2	51.4	-.3	1.5
Real estate	765075	37.6	37.6	35.3	0	2.3
Services	800005	578.1	584.4	545.4	-6.3	32.7
Hotels and other lodging places	870005	38.9	39.5	38.1	-.6	.8
Business services	873005	149.2	153.9	138.0	-4.7	11.2
Health services	880005	137.0	137.3	133.4	-.3	3.6
Private hospitals	880605	52.0	52.2	50.2	-.2	1.8
Government	998008	511.2	509.1	488.2	2.1	23.0
Federal	998011	101.9	102.7	98.7	-.8	3.2
Defense	998101	36.5	36.7	36.4	-.2	.1
Other federal (including U.S. Postal Service)	998401	65.4	66.0	62.3	-.6	3.1
State	998512	121.8	119.9	115.7	1.9	6.1
State education	882002	49.7	48.2	47.8	1.5	1.9
Other state	992972	72.1	71.7	67.9	.4	4.2
Local	998523	287.6	286.5	273.7	1.1	13.9
Local education	882003	153.7	152.9	147.4	.8	6.3
Other local	993973	133.9	133.6	126.3	.3	7.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

GEORGIA HOURS AND EARNINGS

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
		CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988
Total manufacturing	**300005**	**$362.75**	**$359.77**	**$360.32**	**41.6**	**41.4**	**41.8**	**$ 8.72**	**$ 8.69**	**$ 8.62**
Durable goods	300025	401.21	402.06	411.58	42.1	42.1	42.3	9.53	9.55	9.73
Nondurable goods	400015	340.31	334.97	328.68	41.3	41.0	41.5	8.24	8.17	7.92
SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Food and kindred products	420005	335.34	332.90	328.00	41.4	41.2	41.0	8.10	8.08	8.00
Textile mill products	422005	332.98	325.78	322.70	42.8	42.2	43.2	7.78	7.72	7.47
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	338.83	331.80	322.59	44.7	43.6	43.3	7.58	7.61	7.45
Weaving mills, synthetic	422205	331.99	334.77	330.48	42.4	42.7	43.2	7.83	7.84	7.65
Knitting mills	422505	274.18	264.40	257.29	40.8	40.0	41.7	6.72	6.61	6.17
Floor covering mills	422705	345.60	345.60	327.67	43.2	43.2	44.4	8.00	8.00	7.38
Yarn and thread mills	422805	312.77	305.31	309.73	41.1	40.6	40.7	7.61	7.52	7.61
Apparel and other textile products	423005	201.79	198.86	198.39	37.3	37.1	38.3	5.41	5.36	5.18
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	198.72	196.18	197.76	36.8	36.6	38.4	5.40	5.36	5.15
Women's and children's clothing	423335	191.38	186.00	178.00	37.6	37.2	36.7	5.09	5.00	4.85
Lumber and wood products	324005	289.67	298.66	305.36	39.9	40.8	39.3	7.26	7.32	7.77
Furniture and fixtures	325005	276.02	260.62	259.90	37.3	36.4	40.8	7.40	7.16	6.37
Paper and allied products	426005	568.18	573.02	540.14	45.6	46.1	45.2	12.46	12.43	11.95
Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills	426135	679.14	677.48	683.36	48.2	48.6	50.1	14.09	13.94	13.64
Chemicals and allied products	428005	456.22	459.14	471.51	42.4	42.2	43.1	10.76	10.88	10.94
Leather and leather products	431005	207.98	207.36	154.16	40.7	40.5	32.8	5.11	5.12	4.70
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	391.96	405.90	378.75	43.6	45.1	42.7	8.99	9.00	8.87
Fabricated metal products	334005	372.30	367.21	382.30	42.5	42.6	43.1	8.76	8.62	8.87
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	383.00	361.24	371.93	46.2	44.0	43.5	8.29	8.21	8.55
Transportation equipment	337005	584.47	585.19	580.87	42.6	42.1	42.9	13.72	13.90	13.54

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical, and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates, as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

ATLANTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	1,427.4	1,443.1	1,385.9	-15.7	41.5
Manufacturing	300005	178.2	179.6	189.8	-1.4	-11.6
Durable goods	300025	89.3	90.1	100.3	-.8	-11.0
Lumber and wood products	324005	4.5	4.5	5.1	0	-.6
Furniture and fixtures	325005	4.2	4.2	4.3	0	-.1
Household furniture	325105	1.9	1.9	1.8	0	.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	9.2	9.4	9.1	-.2	.1
Primary metal industries	333005	6.3	6.3	6.5	0	-.2
Fabricated metal products	334005	10.0	10.1	9.6	-.1	.4
Machinery, except electrical	335005	9.6	9.6	9.5	0	.1
Electric and electronic equipment	336005	15.9	16.1	16.4	-.2	-.5
Transportation equipment	337005	23.6	23.8	34.0	-.2	-10.4
Other durable goods	399915	5.9	6.0	5.8	-.1	.1
Nondurable goods	400015	88.9	89.5	89.5	-.6	-.6
Food and kindred products	420005	19.7	20.1	20.3	-.4	-.6
Meat products	420105	6.2	6.4	6.6	-.2	-.4
Bakery products	420505	3.7	3.8	3.6	-.1	.1
Textile mill products	422005	7.5	7.5	7.5	0	0
Weaving mills, cotton	422105	2.8	2.8	2.8	0	0
Yarn and thread mills	422805	.9	.9	.9	0	0
Apparel and other textile products	423005	10.2	10.4	11.3	-.2	-1.1
Men's and boys' clothing	423175	4.2	4.2	4.6	0	-.4
Women's and children's clothing	423335	2.6	2.6	3.1	0	-.5
Paper and allied products	426005	9.0	9.1	8.8	-.1	.2
Paperboard containers and boxes	426505	5.3	5.3	5.1	0	.2
Printing and publishing	427005	24.0	24.0	23.4	0	.6
Commercial printing	427505	9.5	9.5	9.3	0	.2
Chemicals and allied products	428005	9.2	9.1	9.1	.1	.1
Other nondurable goods	499915	9.3	9.2	9.2	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	1,249.2	1,263.5	1,196.1	-14.3	53.1
Mining	100005	1.5	1.5	1.5	0	0
Contract construction	200005	66.0	68.7	67.0	-2.7	-1.0
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	121.8	122.3	117.7	-.5	4.1
Transportation	500015	77.9	78.6	73.8	-.7	4.1
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	410.9	416.5	390.6	-5.6	20.3
Wholesale trade	650005	139.5	139.2	134.9	.3	4.6
Wholesale trade—durable	650015	99.4	99.4	97.0	0	2.4
Wholesale trade—nondurable	651005	40.1	39.8	38.0	.3	2.1
Retail trade	652005	271.3	277.3	255.6	-6.0	15.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	104.2	104.5	100.3	-.3	3.9
Finance	760025	41.4	41.2	40.0	.2	1.4
Insurance carriers, agents, and brokers	763045	36.8	37.2	35.7	-.4	1.1
Services	800005	337.1	342.1	321.2	-5.0	15.9
Hotels and other lodging places	870005	23.3	23.6	23.1	-.3	.2
Business services	873005	103.1	107.6	99.2	-4.5	3.9
Health services	880005	63.9	63.6	60.7	.3	3.2
Private hospitals	880605	24.8	24.7	23.9	.1	.9
Government	998008	207.8	208.0	197.8	-.2	10.0
Federal	998011	44.9	45.3	42.6	-.4	2.3
Defense	998101	5.9	6.0	5.9	-.1	0
Other federal (including U.S. Postal Service)	998401	39.0	39.3	36.7	-.3	2.3
State	998512	41.4	41.9	39.1	-.5	2.3
State education	882002	14.2	14.7	13.3	-.5	.9
Other state	992972	27.2	27.1	25.8	.1	1.4
Local	998523	121.5	120.9	116.1	.6	5.4
Local education	882003	59.3	59.1	58.7	.2	.6
Other local	993973	62.2	61.8	57.5	.4	4.7

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta MSA, which includes Barrow, Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

ALBANY MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	48.7	49.0	47.7	-.3	1.0
Manufacturing	300005	8.1	8.0	8.1	1	0
Durable goods	300025	1.8	1.8	1.8	0	0
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	.7	.7	.7	0	0
Other durable goods	399915	1.2	1.2	1.1	0	1
Nondurable goods	400015	6.2	6.1	6.3	1	-.1
Food and kindred products	420005	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	0
Textile mill products	422005	1.2	1.2	1.1	0	1
Chemicals and allied products	428005	.4	.4	.4	0	0
Other nondurable goods	499915	2.6	2.6	2.9	0	-.3
Nonmanufacturing	000060	40.6	41.0	39.6	-.4	1.0
Mining	100005	*	*	*	*	*
Contract construction	200005	2.4	2.4	2.6	0	-.2
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	2.4	2.4	2.4	0	0
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	12.2	12.6	12.3	-.4	-.1
Wholesale trade	650005	3.1	3.2	3.4	-.1	-.3
Retail trade	652005	9.1	9.4	9.0	-.3	.1
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	2.3	2.4	2.3	-.1	0
Services	800005	8.0	8.0	7.6	0	.4
Government	998008	13.3	13.2	12.4	.1	.9
Federal	998011	3.4	3.4	3.4	0	0
State and local	998509	9.9	9.8	8.9	.1	1.0

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany MSA, which includes Dougherty and Lee counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

* Employment fewer than 100 workers.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

ATHENS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	65.9	66.6	63.1	-.7	2.8
Manufacturing	300005	15.0	15.1	15.0	-.1	0
Durable goods	300025	5.3	5.3	5.6	0	-.3
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	2.5	2.5	2.7	0	-.2
Other durable goods	399915	2.7	2.7	2.9	0	-.2
Nondurable goods	400015	9.8	9.9	9.4	-.1	.4
Food and kindred products	420005	3.6	3.7	3.4	-.1	.2
Textile mill products	422005	2.4	2.4	2.4	0	0
Apparel and other textile products	423005	2.2	2.2	2.2	0	0
Other nondurable goods	499915	1.6	1.6	1.4	0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	50.9	51.4	48.1	-.5	2.8
Mining	100005	.1	.1	.1	0	0
Contract construction	200005	2.4	2.5	2.3	-.1	.1
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	1.8	1.8	1.7	0	.1
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	14.4	14.8	13.3	-.4	1.1
Wholesale trade	650005	3.1	3.2	2.8	-.1	.3
Retail trade	652005	11.3	11.6	10.6	-.3	.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	1.9	2.0	1.9	-.1	0
Services	800005	10.4	10.4	9.5	0	.9
Government	998008	19.9	19.9	19.2	0	.7
Federal	998011	2.2	2.3	2.1	-.1	.1
State and local	998509	17.7	17.6	17.1	.1	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Athens MSA, which includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	158.0	160.1	157.4	-2.1	.6
Manufacturing	300005	36.5	36.7	36.0	-.2	.5
Durable goods	300025	9.1	9.2	9.0	-.1	.1
Lumber and wood products	324005	1.0	1.0	1.2	0	-.2
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	2.9	2.9	3.0	0	-.1
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	2.6	2.6	2.4	0	.2
Other durable goods	399915	2.6	2.6	2.4	0	.2
Nondurable goods	400015	27.4	27.5	27.0	-.1	.4
Food and kindred products	420005	2.2	2.2	2.3	0	-.1
Textile mill products	422005	6.1	6.1	5.9	0	.2
Apparel and other textile products	423005	3.2	3.3	2.9	-.1	.3
Printing and publishing	427005	1.4	1.4	1.4	0	0
Other nondurable goods	499915	14.6	14.5	14.5	.1	.1
Nonmanufacturing	000060	121.4	123.5	121.5	-2.1	-.1
Mining	100005	.5	.5	.5	0	0
Contract construction	200005	10.3	10.6	10.0	-.3	.3
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	4.4	4.4	5.1	0	-.7
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	34.2	35.4	34.6	-1.2	-.4
Wholesale trade	650005	4.9	4.9	4.8	0	.1
Retail trade	652005	29.3	30.5	29.8	-1.2	-.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	5.5	5.7	5.0	-.2	.5
Services	800055	32.8	32.8	32.2	0	.6
Government	998008	33.8	34.1	34.1	-.3	-.3
Federal	998011	8.1	8.2	8.2	-.1	-.1
State and local	998509	25.7	25.9	25.9	-.2	-.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta MSA, which includes Columbia, McDuffie, and Richmond counties in Georgia and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full-and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

COLUMBUS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	94.3	95.6	92.5	-1.3	1.8
Manufacturing	300005	20.6	20.5	20.1	.1	.5
Durable goods	300025	6.6	6.7	6.3	-.1	.3
Lumber and wood products	324005	.8	.8	.7	0	.1
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	.8	.8	.8	0	0
Primary metals, fabricated metals, and machinery	333055	3.9	3.9	3.7	0	.2
Other durable goods	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	0	0
Nondurable goods	400015	13.9	13.8	13.8	.1	.1
Food and kindred products	420005	3.6	3.5	3.4	.1	.2
Textile mill products	422005	6.8	6.8	7.1	0	-.3
Apparel and other textile products	423005	.6	.6	.6	0	0
Printing and publishing	427005	1.3	1.3	1.3	0	0
Other nondurable goods	499915	1.6	1.6	1.4	0	.2
Nonmanufacturing	000060	73.7	75.1	72.4	-1.4	1.3
Mining	100005	.1	.1	.1	0	0
Contract construction	200005	5.0	5.1	5.0	-.1	0
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	3.5	3.5	3.5	0	0
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	20.5	21.4	20.0	-.9	.5
Wholesale trade	650005	2.5	2.5	2.5	0	0
Retail trade	652005	18.0	18.9	17.5	-.9	.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	6.4	6.5	6.5	-.1	-.1
Services	800005	17.4	17.8	16.5	-.4	.9
Government	998008	20.8	20.7	20.7	.1	.1
Federal	998011	7.0	7.1	7.3	0	-.3
State and local	998509	13.8	13.7	13.4	.1	.4

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus MSA, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee counties in Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

MACON-WARNER ROBINS MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	121.4	123.5	118.1	-2.1	3.3
Manufacturing	300005	18.5	18.6	18.1	-.1	.4
Durable goods	300025	7.3	7.3	7.3	0	0
Lumber and wood products	324005	.4	.4	.4	0	0
Stone, clay, and glass products	332005	1.0	1.1	1.2	-.1	-.2
Machinery, except electrical	335005	.5	.5	.5	0	0
Other durable goods	399915	5.4	5.3	5.2	.1	.2
Nondurable goods	400015	11.2	11.2	10.8	0	.4
Food and kindred products	420005	2.1	2.1	2.1	0	0
Textile mill products	422005	1.5	1.5	1.4	0	.1
Apparel and other textile products	423005	1.2	1.2	1.2	0	0
Paper and allied products	426005	2.3	2.3	2.3	0	0
Chemicals and allied products	428005	.4	.4	.3	0	.1
Other nondurable goods	499915	3.8	3.8	3.4	0	.4
Nonmanufacturing	000060	102.9	105.0	100.0	-2.1	2.9
Mining	100005	.1	.1	.1	0	0
Contract construction	200005	5.1	5.2	4.6	-.1	.5
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	5.3	5.3	5.1	0	.2
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	27.2	28.8	27.6	-1.6	-.4
Wholesale trade	650005	5.2	5.2	5.0	0	.2
Retail trade	652005	22.0	23.6	22.6	-1.6	-.6
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	7.8	7.8	7.3	0	.5
Services	800055	23.2	23.4	22.2	-.2	1.0
Government	998008	34.1	34.4	33.0	-.3	1.1
Federal	998011	17.4	17.5	16.5	-.1	.9
State and local	998509	16.7	16.9	16.5	-.2	.2

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon MSA, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Peach counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

SAVANNAH MSA NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (000's)

INDUSTRY	SERIES CODE	CURRENT MONTH JAN. 1989	PREVIOUS MONTH DEC. 1988	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO JAN. 1988	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREVIOUS MONTH	CURRENT MONTH YEAR AGO
Total nonagricultural employment	000000	105.5	106.3	103.2	-.8	2.3
Manufacturing	300005	17.9	17.8	17.3	.1	.6
Durable goods	300025	8.2	8.2	8.0	0	.2
Lumber and wood products, except furniture	324005	1.3	1.3	1.2	0	.1
Millwork, plywood, and prefabricated structural products	324305	.5	.6	.5	-.1	0
Transportation equipment	337005	5.3	5.3	5.2	0	.1
Other durable goods	399915	1.6	1.6	1.6	0	0
Nondurable goods	400015	9.7	9.6	9.4	.1	.3
Food and kindred products	420005	2.0	2.0	2.0	0	0
Paper and allied products	426005	4.9	4.9	4.7	0	.2
Chemicals and allied products	428005	1.4	1.5	1.4	-.1	0
Petroleum and coal products	429005	.5	.5	.5	0	0
Other nondurable goods	499915	.8	.8	.8	0	0
Nonmanufacturing	000060	87.6	88.5	85.9	-.9	1.7
Mining	100005	*	*	*	*	*
Contract construction	200005	6.1	6.3	6.4	-.2	-.3
Transportation, communication, and public utilities (except U.S.P.S.)	500005	9.7	9.5	9.3	.2	.4
Wholesale and retail trade	600005	26.0	26.9	25.3	-.9	.7
Wholesale trade	650005	5.1	5.2	5.2	-.1	-.1
Retail trade	652005	20.8	21.6	20.0	-.8	.8
Finance, insurance, and real estate	700005	4.4	4.5	4.5	-.1	-.1
Services	800005	25.0	25.2	24.5	-.2	.5
Government	998008	16.4	16.1	15.8	.3	.6
Federal	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	0	0
State and local	998509	13.6	13.3	13.0	.3	.6

NOTE: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah MSA, which includes Chatham and Effingham counties. The estimates include all full- and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the armed forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1988 benchmark. Totals may not add because of rounding.

* Industry division does not meet disclosure criteria.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

UNITED STATES AND GEORGIA LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JAN. 1989	REVISED DEC. 1988	REVISED JAN. 1988	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1988	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1988
United States (Seasonally adjusted)	Civilian labor force	123,428,000	122,563,000	121,035,000	865,000	2,393,000
	Employed	116,711,000	116,009,000	114,055,000	702,000	2,656,000
	Unemployed	6,716,000	6,554,000	6,980,000	162,000	-264,000
	Rate	5.4	5.3	5.8	—	—
United States (Not seasonally adjusted)	Civilian labor force	122,095,000	122,120,000	119,742,000	-25,000	2,353,000
	Employed	114,786,000	115,978,000	112,139,000	-1,192,000	2,647,000
	Unemployed	7,309,000	6,142,000	7,603,000	1,167,000	-294,000
	Rate	6.0	5.0	6.3	—	—
Georgia	Civilian labor force	3,251,655	3,233,771	3,113,336	17,884	138,319
	Employed	3,069,067	3,079,068	2,910,586	-10,001	158,481
	Unemployed	182,588	154,703	202,750	27,885	-20,162
	Rate	5.6	4.8	6.5	—	—
Albany MSA	Civilian labor force	55,029	54,566	54,369	463	660
	Employed	50,832	50,938	49,162	-106	1,670
	Unemployed	4,197	3,628	5,207	569	-1,010
	Rate	7.6	6.6	9.6	—	—
Athens MSA	Civilian labor force	77,056	76,631	74,317	425	2,739
	Employed	73,475	73,840	69,358	-365	4,117
	Unemployed	3,581	2,791	4,959	790	-1,378
	Rate	4.6	3.6	6.7	—	—
Atlanta MSA	Civilian labor force	1,526,075	1,519,946	1,473,946	6,129	52,129
	Employed	1,451,919	1,455,188	1,393,465	-3,269	58,454
	Unemployed	74,156	64,758	80,481	9,398	-6,325
	Rate	4.9	4.3	5.5	—	—
Augusta, Ga.-S.C. MSA	Civilian labor force	181,734	181,837	179,758	-103	1,976
	Employed	171,415	173,301	168,905	-1,886	2,510
	Unemployed	10,319	8,536	10,853	1,783	-534
	Rate	5.7	4.7	6.0	—	—
Columbus, Ga.-Ala. MSA	Civilian labor force	101,123	102,463	100,334	-1,340	789
	Employed	95,234	96,742	93,443	-1,508	1,791
	Unemployed	5,889	5,721	6,891	168	-1,002
	Rate	5.8	5.6	6.9	—	—
Macon-Warner Robins MSA	Civilian labor force	132,630	133,150	128,511	-520	4,119
	Employed	125,607	127,407	121,022	-1,800	4,585
	Unemployed	7,023	5,743	7,489	1,280	-466
	Rate	5.3	4.3	5.8	—	—
Savannah MSA	Civilian labor force	114,054	113,740	112,361	314	1,693
	Employed	107,957	108,030	104,781	-73	3,176
	Unemployed	6,097	5,710	7,580	387	-1,483
	Rate	5.3	5.0	6.7	—	—

NOTE: Employment includes nonagricultural wage and salary employment, self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers, and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are counted as employed. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. Georgia and Metropolitan Statistical Area data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Albany MSA: includes Dougherty and Lee counties.
Athens MSA: includes Clarke, Jackson, Madison, and Oconee counties.
Atlanta MSA: includes Barrow, Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale, Spalding, and Walton counties.
Augusta MSA: includes Columbia, McDuffie, and Richmond counties in Georgia and Aiken County, South Carolina.
Columbus MSA: includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee counties in Georgia and Russell County, Alabama.
Macon MSA: includes Bibb, Houston, Jones, and Peach counties.
Savannah MSA: includes Chatham and Effingham counties.

SOURCE: Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA MSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JANUARY 1989	REVISED DECEMBER 1988	REVISED JANUARY 1988	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1988	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1988
Augusta, Ga.-S.C. MSA	Civilian labor force	181,734	181,837	179,758	-103	1,976
	Employed	171,415	173,301	168,905	-1,886	2,510
	Unemployed	10,319	8,536	10,853	1,783	-534
	Rate	5.7	4.7	6.0	—	—
Residing in Georgia	Civilian labor force	120,872	120,924	119,361	-52	1,511
	Employed	113,057	114,490	111,735	-1,433	1,322
	Unemployed	7,815	6,434	7,626	1,381	189
	Rate	6.5	5.3	6.4	—	—
Residing in South Carolina	Civilian labor force	60,862	60,913	60,397	-51	465
	Employed	58,358	58,811	57,170	-453	1,188
	Unemployed	2,504	2,102	3,227	402	-723
	Rate	4.1	3.5	5.3	—	—

NOTE The Augusta Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Columbia, McDuffie, and Richmond counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina.

SOURCE Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

COLUMBUS MSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE BY PLACE OF RESIDENCE, PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER

AREA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	PRELIMINARY JANUARY 1989	REVISED DECEMBER 1988	REVISED JANUARY 1988	CHANGE FROM REVISED DEC. 1988	CHANGE FROM REVISED JAN. 1988
Columbus, Ga.-Ala. MSA	Civilian labor force	101,123	102,463	100,334	-1,340	789
	Employed	95,234	96,742	93,443	-1,508	1,791
	Unemployed	5,889	5,721	6,891	168	-1,002
	Rate	5.8	5.6	6.9	—	—
Residing in Georgia	Civilian labor force	78,337	78,938	77,344	-601	993
	Employed	73,776	74,690	71,840	-914	1,936
	Unemployed	4,561	4,248	5,504	313	-943
	Rate	5.8	5.4	7.1	—	—
Residing in Alabama	Civilian labor force	22,786	23,525	22,990	-739	-204
	Employed	21,458	22,052	21,603	-594	-145
	Unemployed	1,328	1,473	1,387	-145	-59
	Rate	5.8	6.3	6.0	—	—

NOTE The Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama.

SOURCE Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

Produced by the Georgia Department of Labor in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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